



Correction to: β -Asarone Regulates ER Stress and Autophagy Via Inhibition of the PERK/CHOP/Bcl-2/Beclin-1 Pathway in 6-OHDA-Induced Parkinsonian Rats

Baile Ning¹ · Qinxin Zhang¹ · Nanbu Wang² · Minzhen Deng¹ · Yongqi Fang³

Published online: 18 April 2022

© Springer Science+Business Media, LLC, part of Springer Nature 2022

Correction to: **Neurochemical Research**

(2019) 44:1159–1166

<https://doi.org/10.1007/s11064-019-02757-w>

In the original version of this article, it was pointed out that the same GAPDH protein blot bands were used for calculation for the two different signaling pathways shown in Figs. 1 and 3, rather than running separate GAPDH gene

proteins within each group (within corresponding western blots). Therefore, the experiments were repeated and the signalling protein bands of interest were measured and calculated against their own GAPDH protein bands. The new representative protein bands are shown and the bar graphs recalculated. The overall results and findings remain the same. The corrected Figs. 1 and 3 are shown below.

Baile Ning and Qinxin Zhang contributed equally to the work and should be considered as co-first authors.

The original article can be found online at <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11064-019-02757-w>.

✉ Yongqi Fang
fangyq2@163.com

¹ Guangdong Provincial Hospital of Chinese Medicine, Guangdong Provincial Academy of Chinese Medical Sciences, Second Clinical College of Guangzhou University of Chinese Medicine, Guangzhou University of Chinese Medicine, Guangzhou, China

² The First Affiliated Hospital, Jinan University, Guangzhou, China

³ The First Affiliated Hospital of Guangzhou University of Chinese Medicine, 16, Jichang Road, Guangzhou 510405, China

Fig. 1 Changes in GRP78, p-PERK and CHOP protein levels in the striatum. Effects of β -asarone on GRP78, p-PERK and CHOP levels were analyzed by western blot in striatum of 6-OHDA-induced rats. β -asarone group and PERK inhibitor group treatments followed 6-OHDA lesions. Values are expressed as the means \pm SD of 6 rats. * $P < 0.05$ indicates a significant difference compared to the sham-operated group; & $P < 0.05$ indicates a significant difference compared to the model group. There was no significant difference between the β -asarone group and PERK inhibitor group

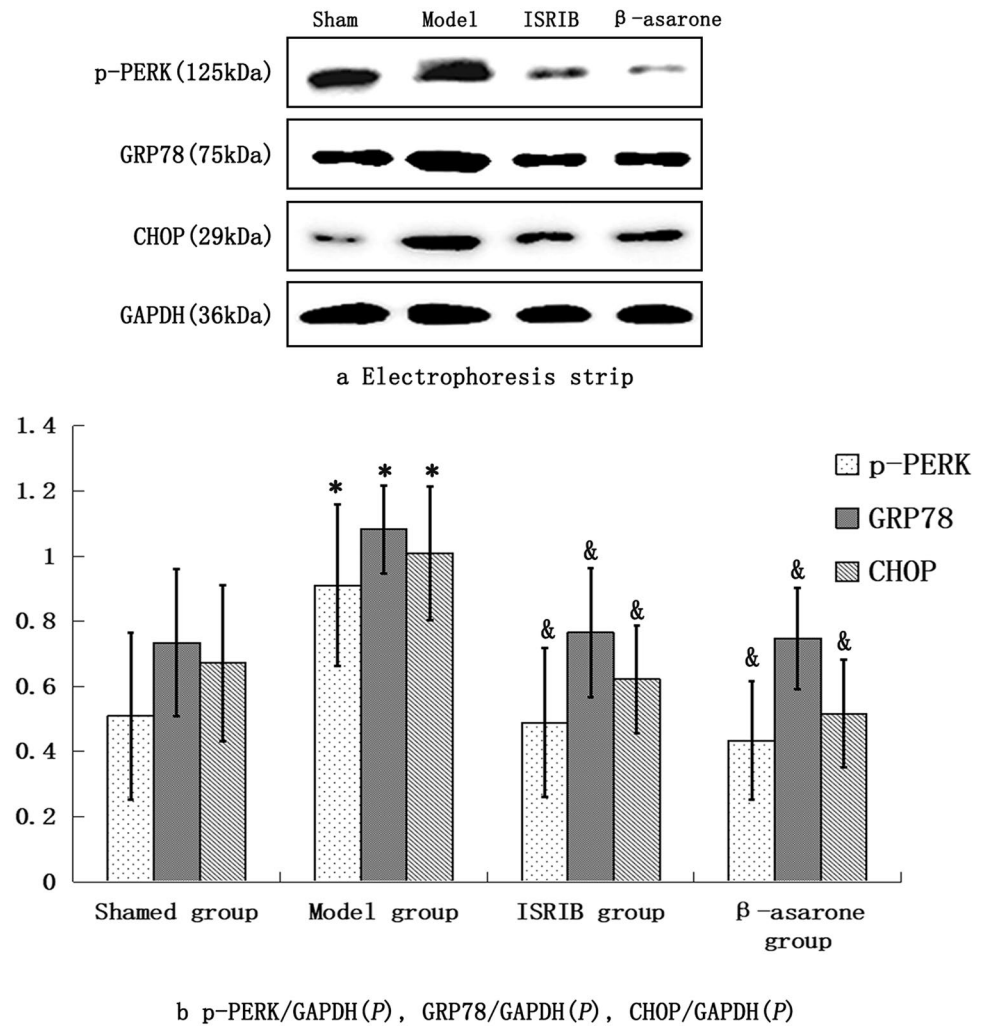
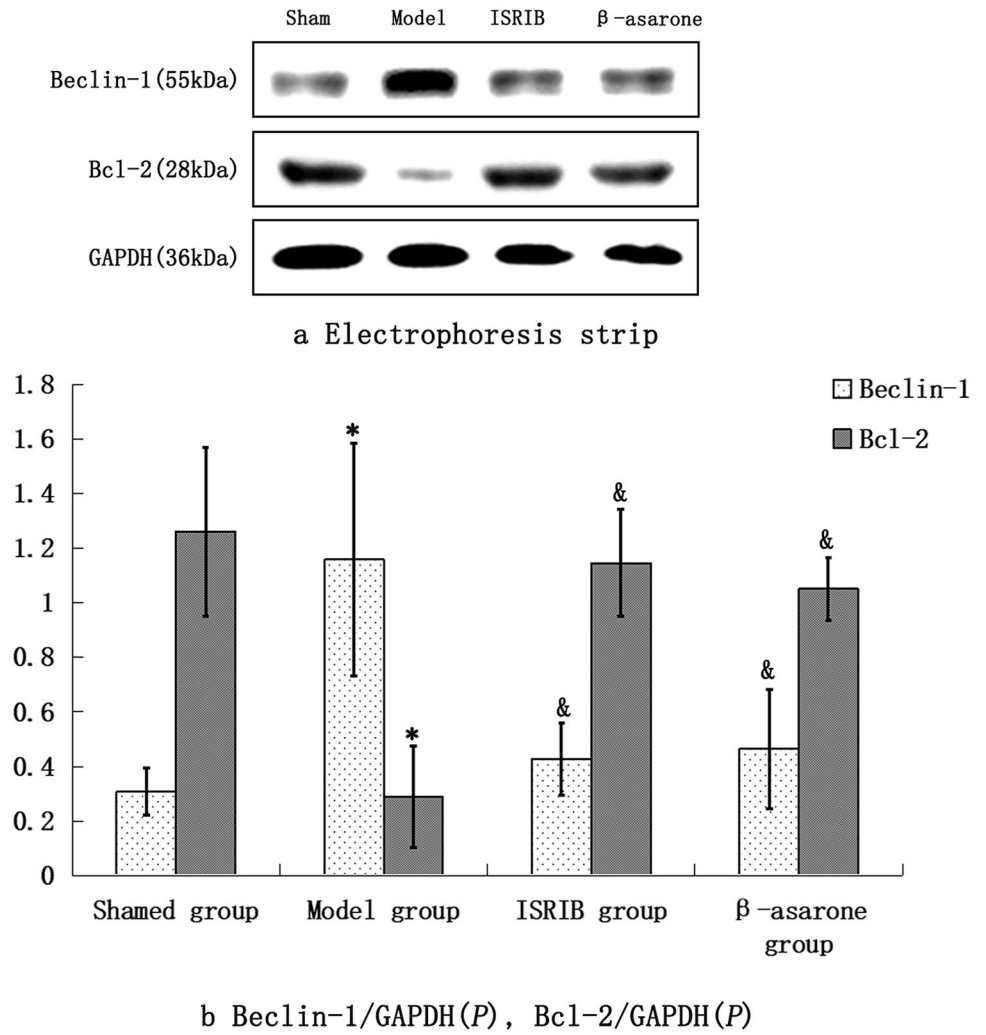


Fig. 3 Changes in Bcl-2 and Beclin-1 protein levels in the striatum. Effects of β -asarone on Bcl-2 and Beclin-1 levels were analyzed by western blot in striatum of 6-OHDA-induced rats. β -asarone group and PERK inhibitor group treatments followed 6-OHDA lesions. Values are expressed as the means \pm SD of 6 rats. * $P < 0.05$ indicates a significant difference compared to the sham-operated group; & $P < 0.05$ indicates a significant difference compared to the model group. There was no significant difference between the β -asarone group and PERK inhibitor group



Publisher's Note Springer Nature remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.